

Nevada's Aquatic Invasive Species (AIS) Program

Karen Vargas
Nevada Department of Wildlife
Fisheries Division
Aquatic Invasive Species Coordinator

April 2014

AIS Presentation

- Laws and Regulations
 - Penalties
 - Watercraft Inspections
 - Watercraft Decal Requirements
- NDOW's AIS Program
 - Decontamination Stations
 - Quagga Mussels
 - New Zealand Mud Snails (NZMS)

NDOW'S Regulatory Authority AB 167

Nevada's Aquatic Invasive Species Bill

- Passed Legislature and Signed by Governor in 2011
- Bill Included
 - Penalties for Introducing AIS into Nevada's Waters
 - Provides for an Annual AIS "Decal" for Motorized & Non-Motorized Watercraft
 - Authority for Watercraft Inspection and Decontaminations



Nevada AIS Laws and Regulations

- NAC 503.110
 - Illegal to <u>import, transport or posses</u> live quagga/zebra mussels
- NRS 503.597(1)
 - "...It is unlawful...for any person at anytime to receive, bring or have brought or shipped into this State, or remove from one stream or body of water...to any other, or from one portion of the State or any other, or to any other state, any aquatic life of wildlife, or any spawn, eggs or young of any of them"





Nevada AIS Laws and Regulations

- NRS 503.597(5)
 - "A person who knowingly or intentionally introduces, causes to be introduced or attempts to introduce an <u>aquatic</u> <u>invasive species or injurious aquatic species</u> into any waters of this State is guilty of:
 - 1st Offense: Misdemeanor Charge
 - Subsequent Offense: Category E Felony Penalty: \$25,000 to \$250,000





Inspection and Decontamination AB167

- All vessels must comply with Department approved Inspection Stations
- Decontamination can be Required



AIS Prevention Decal AB167

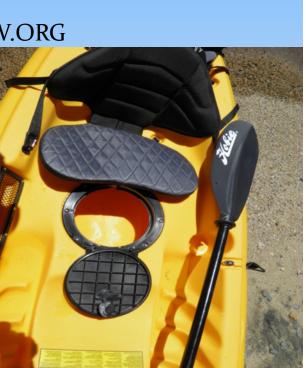
Aquatic Invasive Species Prevention Decal

- Resident Non-Motorized Watercraft: \$5.00
- Non-Resident Non-Motorized Watercraft: \$10.00
- Resident Motorized Watercraft: \$10.00
- Non-Resident Motorized Watercraft \$20.00
- Sold: NDOW Counters, Vendor Phone (24/7), & NDOW.ORG

Implementation of Decal

- January 1, 2013 Annual
- <u>Includes:</u> motor boats, canoes, sailboats, kayaks, & dinghies: capable of retaining water
- Not Included: Water/Beach Toys (inner tubes, air mattress, water skies, paddleboards, float tubes)





What does the AIS Decal Fund?

- NDOW'S AIS Program
 - Surface Water Monitoring
 - Law Enforcement
 - Inspection & Decontamination Stations
 - Outreach Efforts





Quagga Mussel Monitoring

- No Adults have been found in Northern NV
- ■Veligers detected in
 - Lahontan (2011) & Rye Patch (2011)
- PCR (Polymerase Chain Reaction/DNA)
 - Some Positive Results for:
 - □Topaz Reservoir (2012)
 - □Wildhorse Reservoir (2012)
 - □ Ruby Lake NWA (2012)
 - ☐ Lahontan Reservoir
 - □ Rye Patch Reservoir
 - Positive PCR Does Not Necessarily Mean QM are Present

Watercraft Inspection/Decontamination Stations

- 4 "Free of Charge" Seasonal Stations/NV State Parks
 - Wildhorse (1), Rye Patch (1) & Lahontan Reservoirs (2)
 - NV State Parks, NDOW and USFWS
 - Provide Hot Water/High Pressure Decontamination (140°F)
- 3 "Free of Charge" Year-Round Stations at Lake Mead NRA
 - NDOW, NPS & USFW
- Two Statewide Seasonal Traveling Rovers

Decontamination Stations









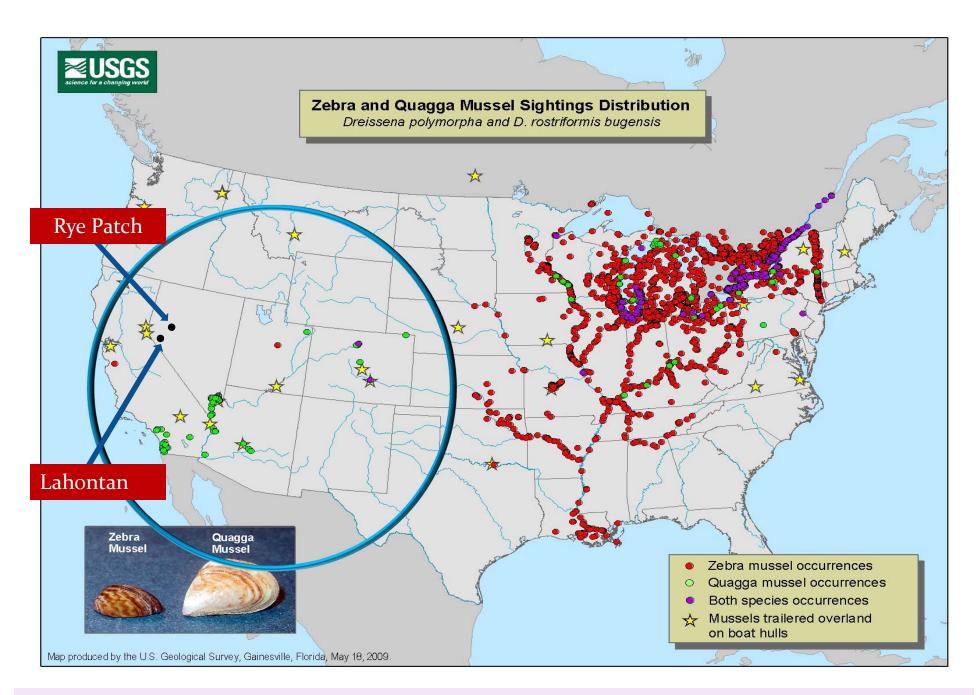
Largest Threat of Spread & Economic Damage Continues to be Quagga Mussels





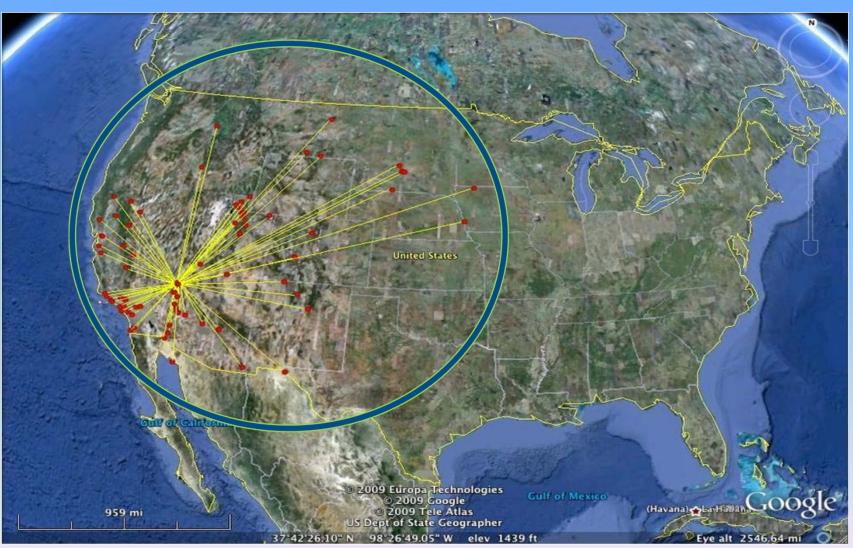
Present in Lakes Mead & Mohave

*Quagga Veligers (Larvae) detected at Lahontan & Rye Patch Reservoirs April 2011



Source of Quagga Mussel Spread?

Trailered Watercraft from Infested Areas



Watercraft Distribution traveling from Lake Mead

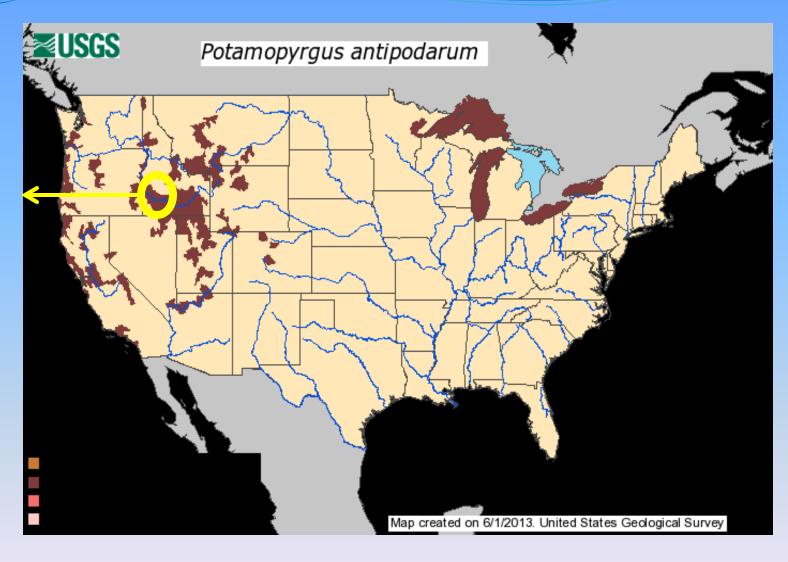
Source: 100th Meridian Initiative Survey 2003-2007

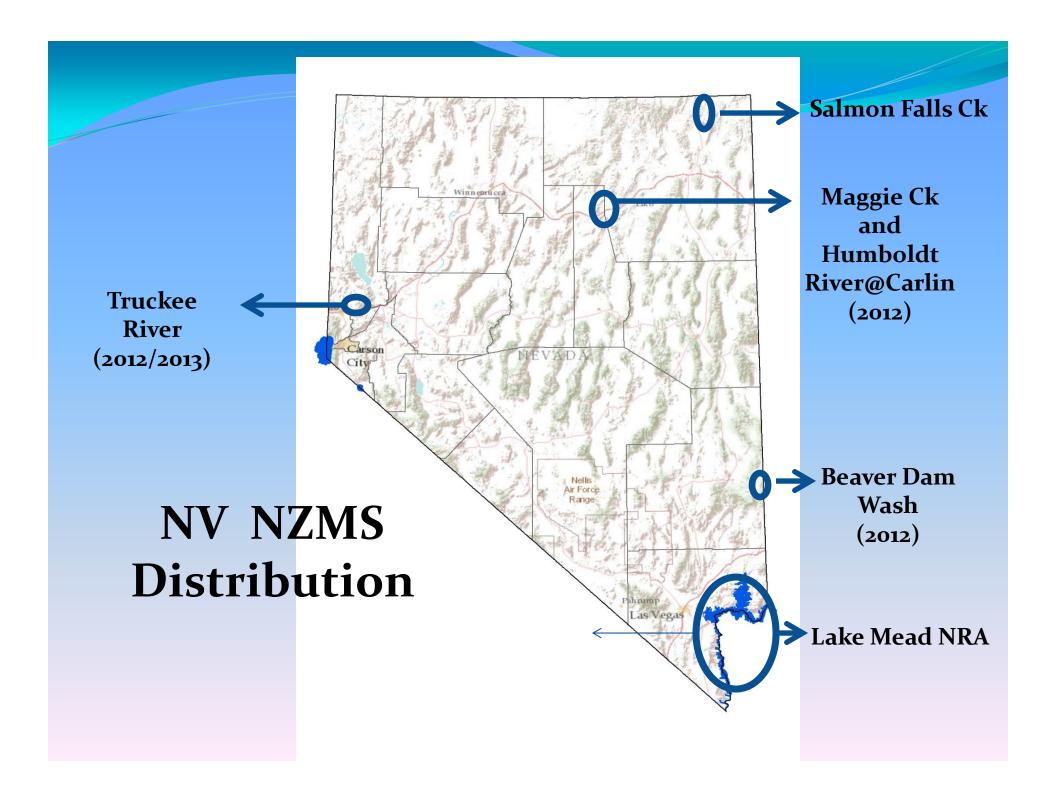
AIS Spreading in Nevada

New Zealand Mud Snails



to





How are they NZMS Spreading?

- Contaminated Watercraft
 - Motorized and Non-Motorized
- Contaminated Waders & Equipment
 - Felt Soles
 - Pets
- •Wildlife?



NZMS Preferred Habitat

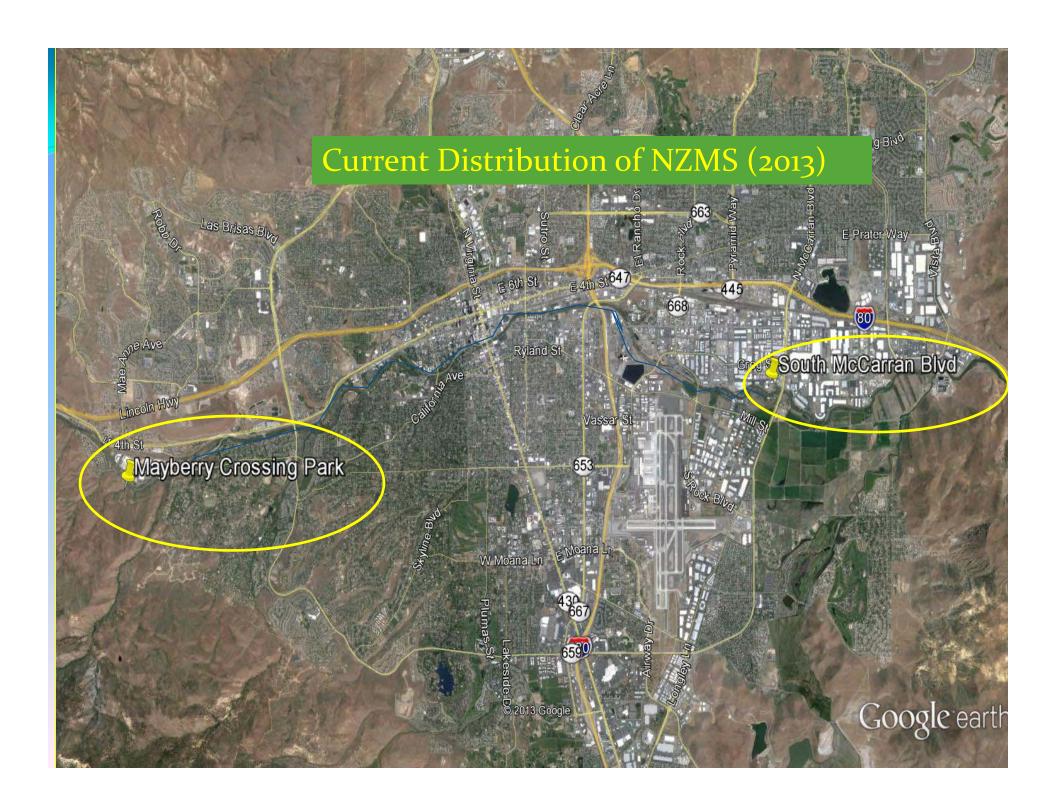
- Lakes Littoral (shore) Zone
- Large & Small Rivers
- Estuaries & Brackish Waters
- Macrophytes/Vegetation
- Prefers slow streams with silt & organic matter
- Can tolerate higher flow where they can burrow



Problems NZMS Create?

- Small (1/8" long) but can form clusters
- Out-compete native invertebrates
- Can pass through a fish's digestive tract and survive
- Can Survive up to 25 days in a moist media
- Control is unlikely
- Prevention of Spread is the best Option for Control





Similar Species in Truckee River









Guide:

http://www.fws.gov/idaho/home/snailguidefinal92009topkg.pdf

NZMS Size







Preventing the Spread of AIS

CLEAN, DRAIN & DRY

- **✓ HOT WATER (~120-140 F.)**
- ✓ FREEZING (>6-24 HOURS)
- ✓ DEDICATED GEAR FOR SPECIFIC WATERBODY AREAS
- **✓ ELIMINATE FELT SOLED WADERS**

(New CDD Video at NDOW.ORG/Fisheries/AIS)

