

Mountain Rain or Snow

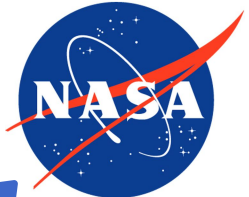
Crowdsourced science for improving precipitation phase estimates



Sonia Nieminen | **Desert Research Institute**
sonia.nieminen@dri.edu



University of Nevada, Reno



Partner

Have you ever noticed snow falling when the air temperature is above freezing?



Photo: Keith Jennings

Have you ever noticed snow falling when the air temperature is above freezing?



This poses a challenge for **estimating how much winter precipitation falls as snow.**



Photo: Keith Jennings

What's the big deal?

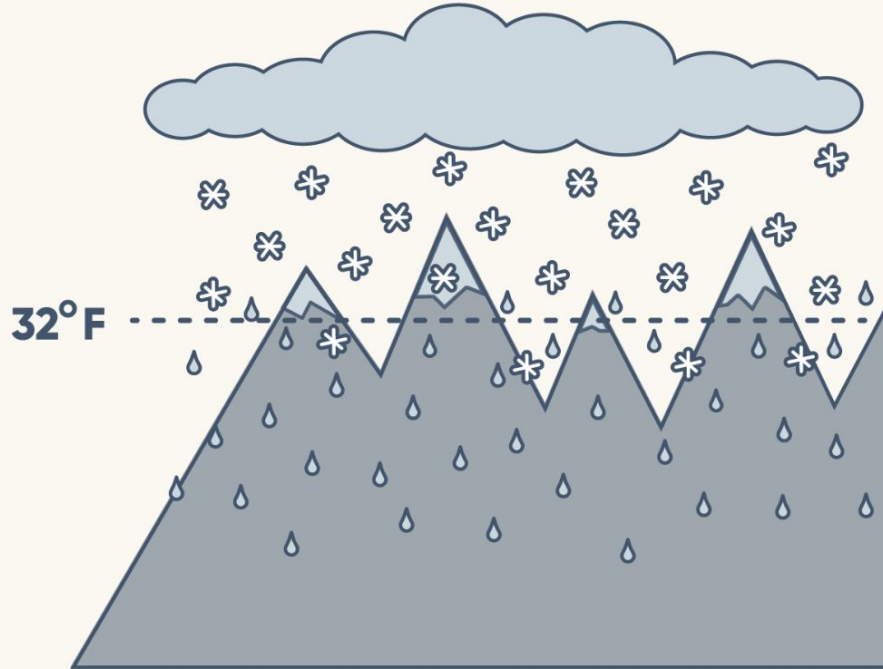
Misidentifying the rain-snow transition affects our predictions of **flooding, snow accumulation, and avalanche hazard.**



Photo: Michael Fitzgerald

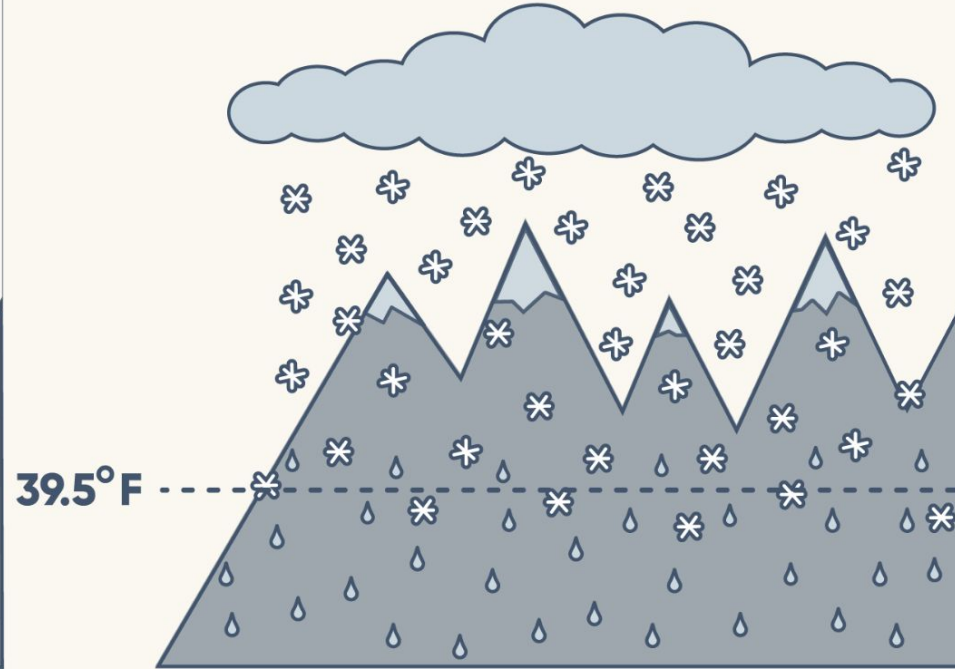
High humidity

(such as the west side of the Cascade Range)



Low humidity

(such as the rainshadow of the Sierra Nevada)



Graphic: Lindsey Funseth/DRI



Humid conditions influence the elevation of the rain-snow transition line.



Photo: Anne Heggli



Precipitation phase partitioning tools struggle the most when air temperature is near freezing.

Satellite tools for precipitation monitoring



Global Precipitation Measurement (GPM)

Joint NASA/JAXA mission



Graphic: NASA

Satellite tools for precipitation monitoring



Global Precipitation Measurement (GPM)

Joint NASA/JAXA mission

Global precipitation estimates are affected by GPM's assessment of phase.



Graphic: NASA

How can we improve estimates of winter precipitation phase?



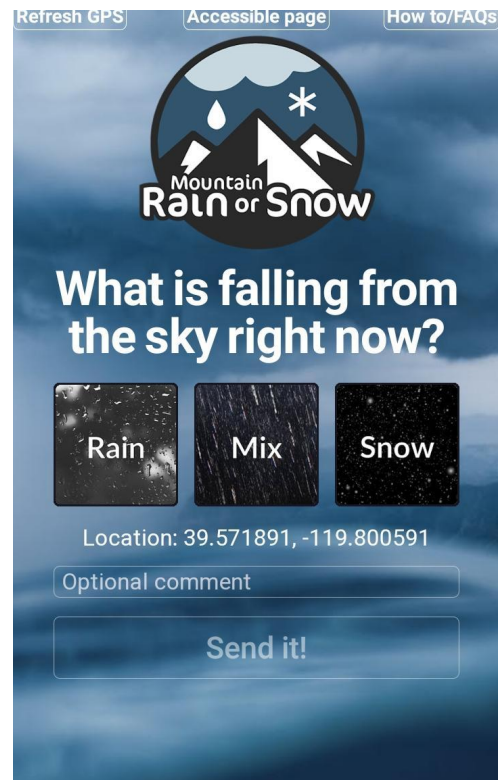
Photo: Gareth Blakemore

Mountain Rain or Snow's goal:
Ground-based, real-time
observations of precipitation

Community-powered science



- Tahoe: Rain or Snow?
2019
- National expansion
2021
- 35,000+ observations
and counting



Expansion allowed for regionally-specific analysis

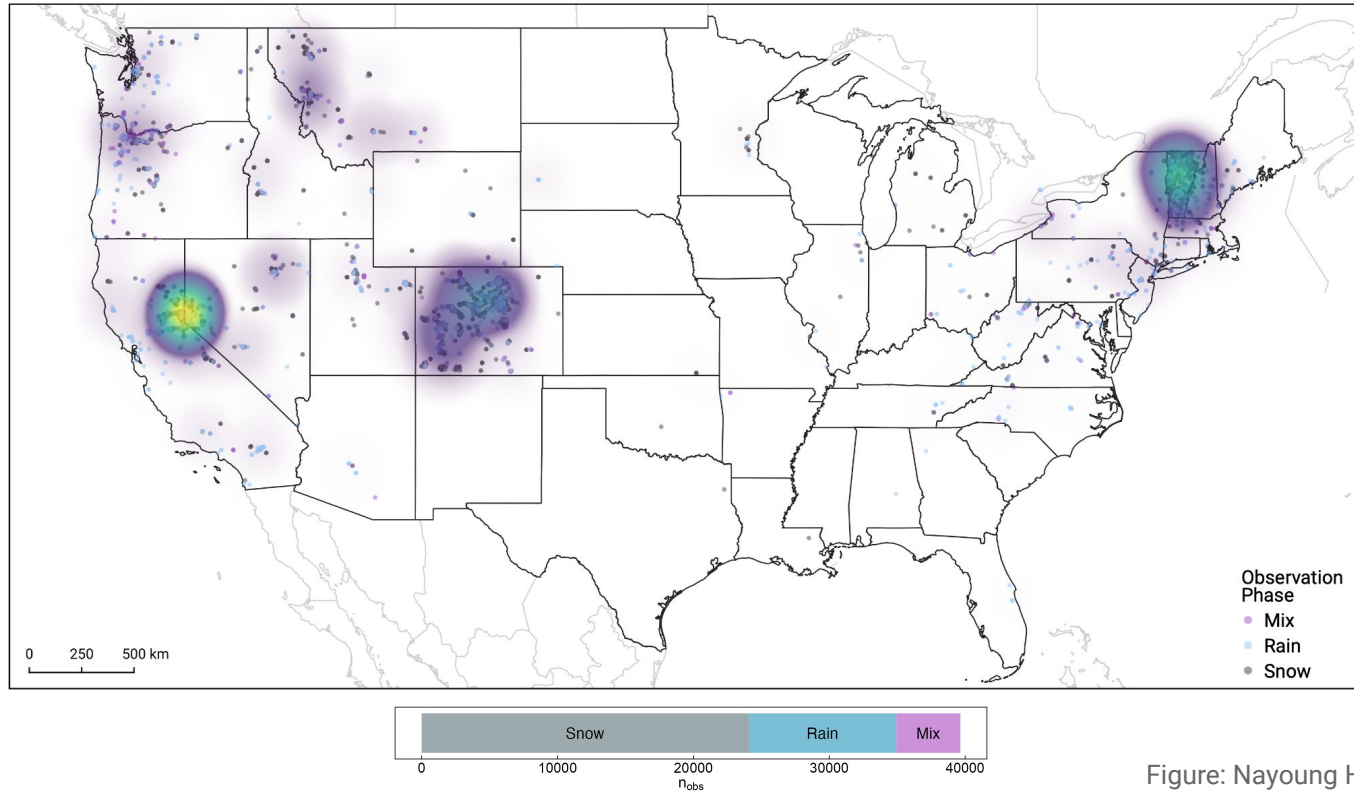


Figure: Nayoung Hur and Keith Jennings

Data collection and processing

Observer submits report of rain, snow, or mix (location + timestamp)



Learn more:

Jennings et al. (2023)

doi.org/10.1029/2022EA002714

Data collection and processing

Observer submits report of rain, snow, or mix (location + timestamp)

Determine elevation, relative humidity, and temperature



Learn more:

Jennings et al. (2023)

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Data collection and processing

Observer submits report of rain, snow, or mix (location + timestamp)

Determine elevation, relative humidity, and temperature

Implement quality control procedure



Learn more:

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Data collection and processing

Observer submits report of rain, snow, or mix (location + timestamp)

Determine elevation, relative humidity, and temperature

Implement quality control procedure

Analysis



Learn more:

Jennings et al. (2023)

doi.org/10.1029/2022EA002714

What have we learned so far?



The air temperature at which rain becomes more likely than snow varies by region.

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The air temperature at which rain becomes more likely than snow varies by region.



The success rates of NASA's IMERG algorithm also vary by region.

What have we learned so far?

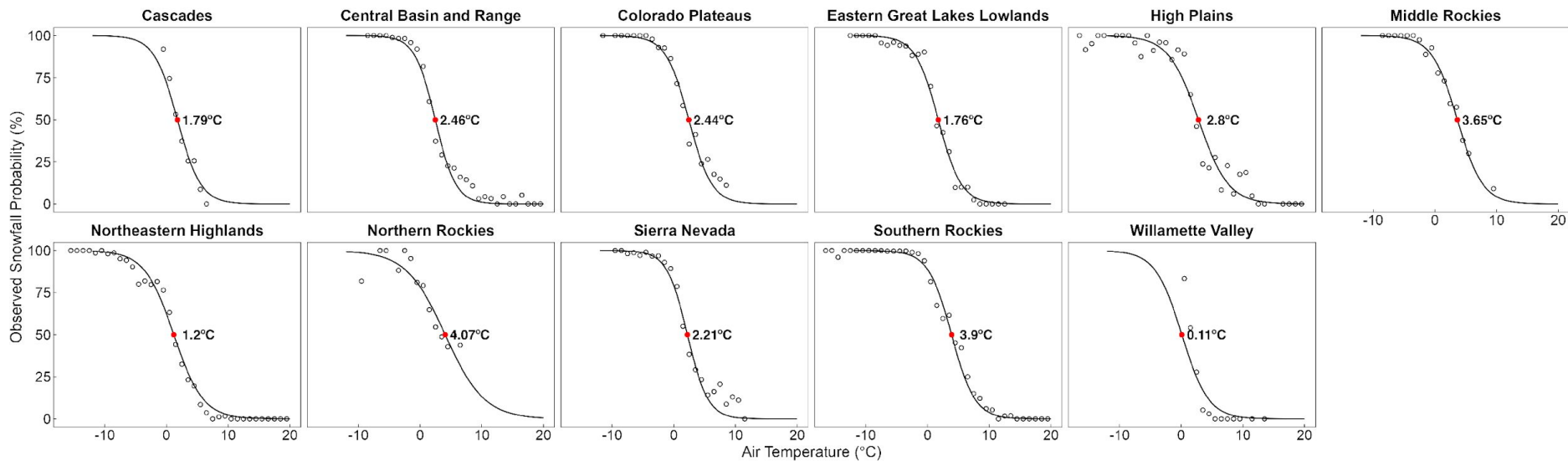


The air temperature at which rain becomes more likely than snow varies by region.



The success rates of NASA's IMERG algorithm also vary by region.

Snowfall probability curves 2020-present



Snowfall probability curve

2020-present

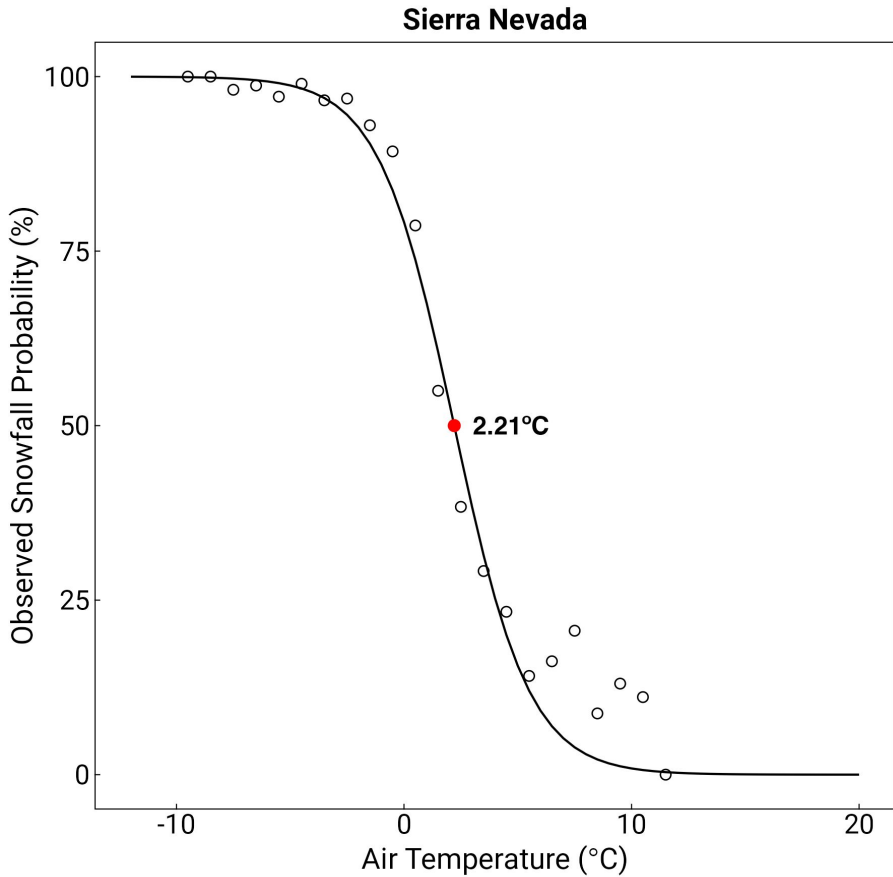


Figure: Nayoung Hur and Keith Jennings

Snowfall probability curves

2021-2022 data

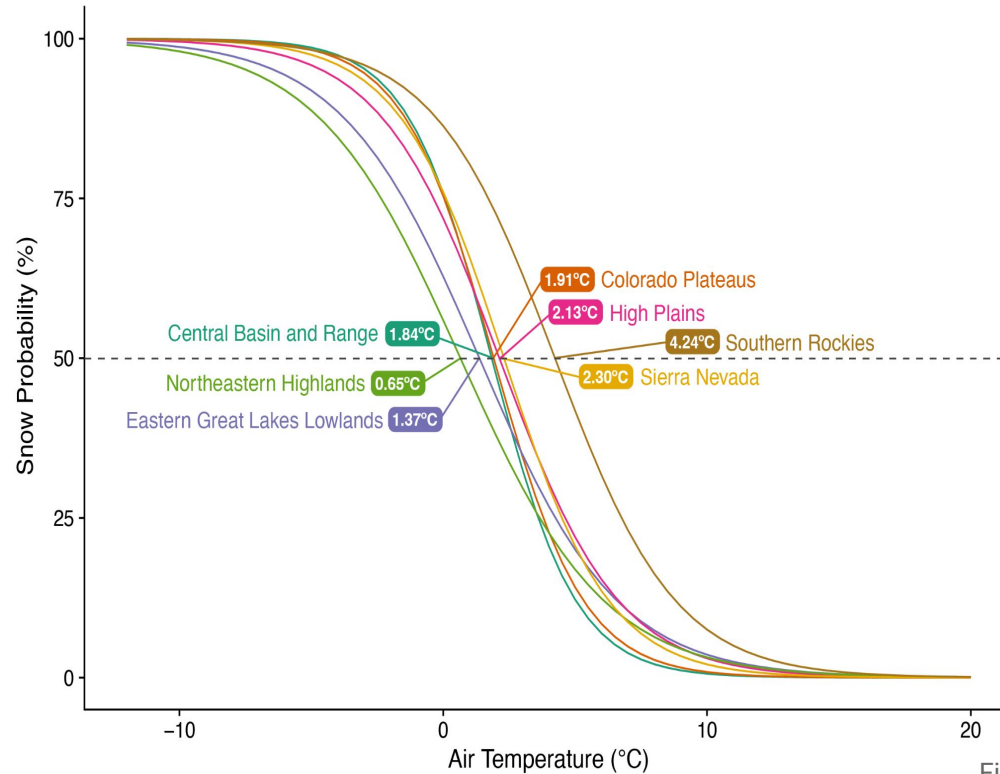


Figure: Nayoung Hur and Keith Jennings

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The success rates of NASA's IMERG algorithm also vary by region.

IMERG's success rates varied by region

2021-2023 data



IMERG:

Integrated Multi-satellitE
Retrievals for GPM

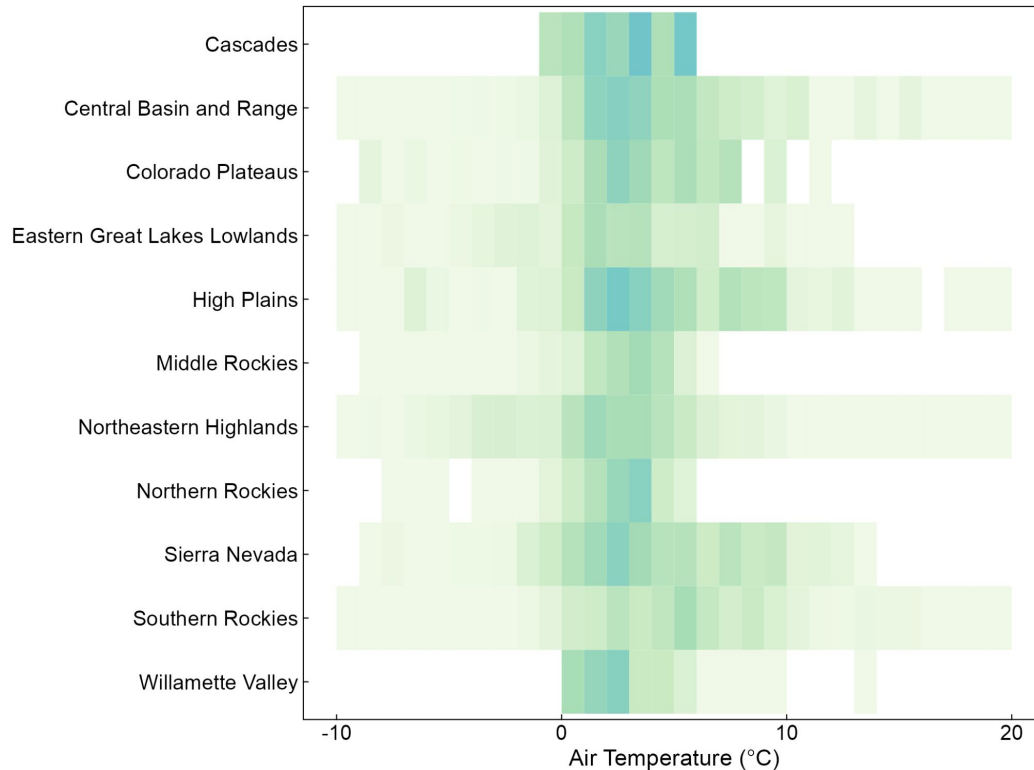


Figure: Nayoung Hur and Keith Jennings

IMERG's success rates varied by region

2021-2023 data



IMERG:

Algorithm that uses GPM satellite data to report precipitation rates

probabilityLiquidPrecipitation (pLP) data field

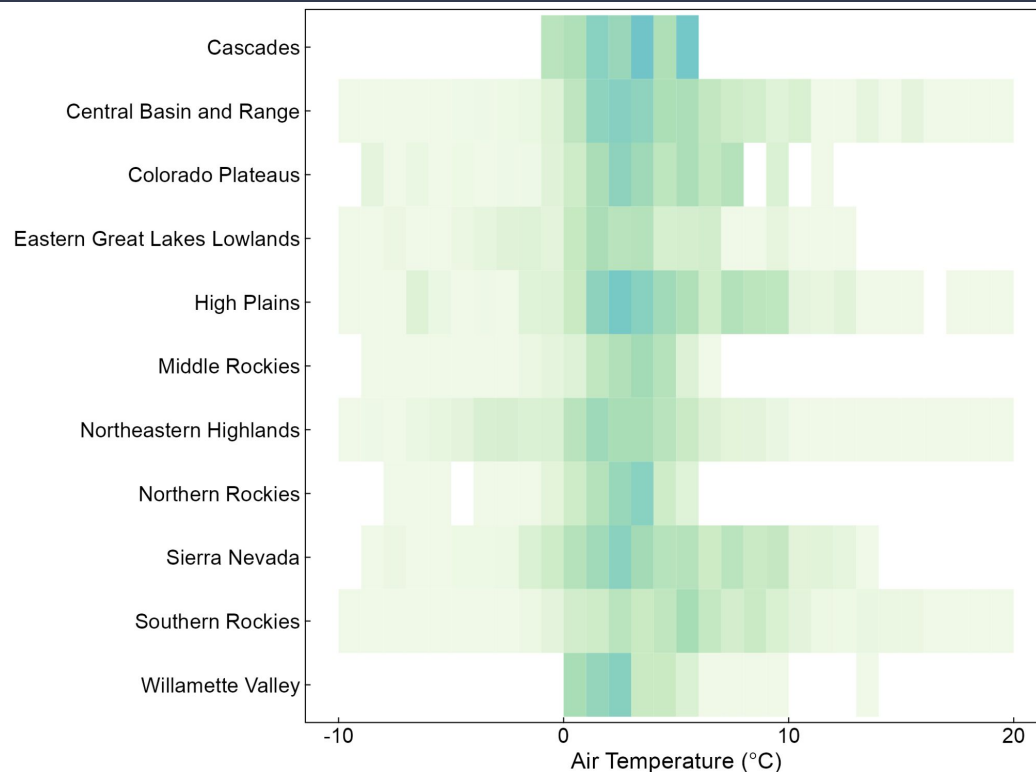


Figure: Nayoung Hur and Keith Jennings

IMERG's success rates varied by region

2021-2023 data



We compared NASA's IMERG technology to reports from observers.

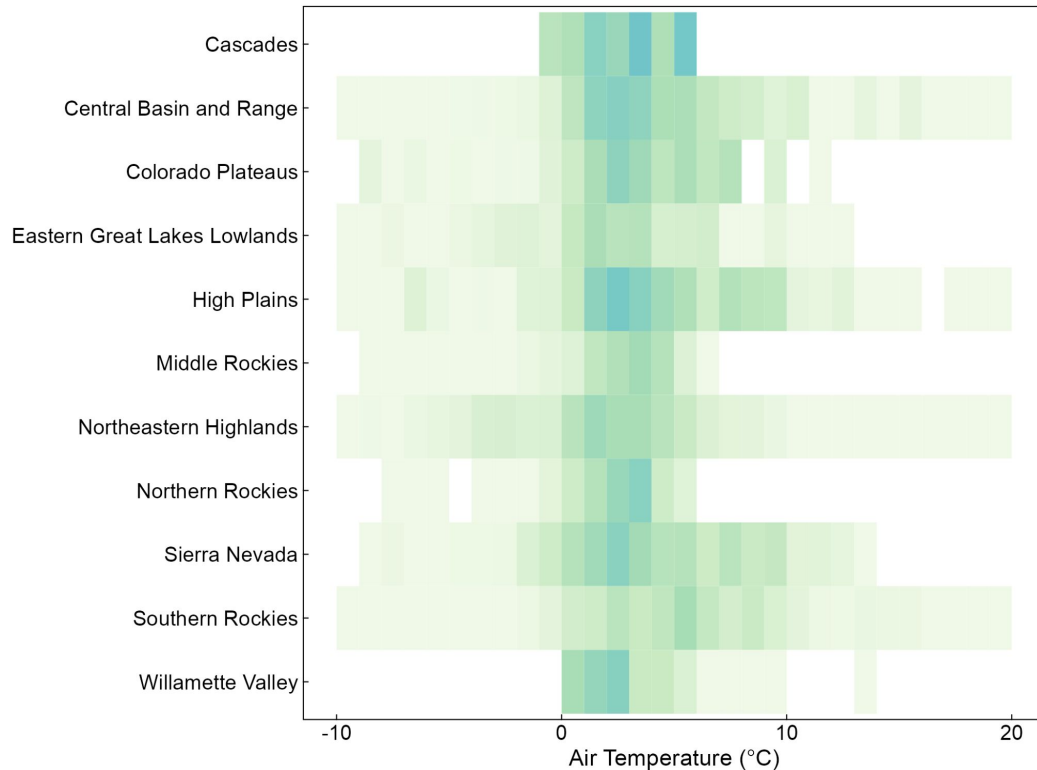


Figure: Nayoung Hur and Keith Jennings

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2021-2023 data



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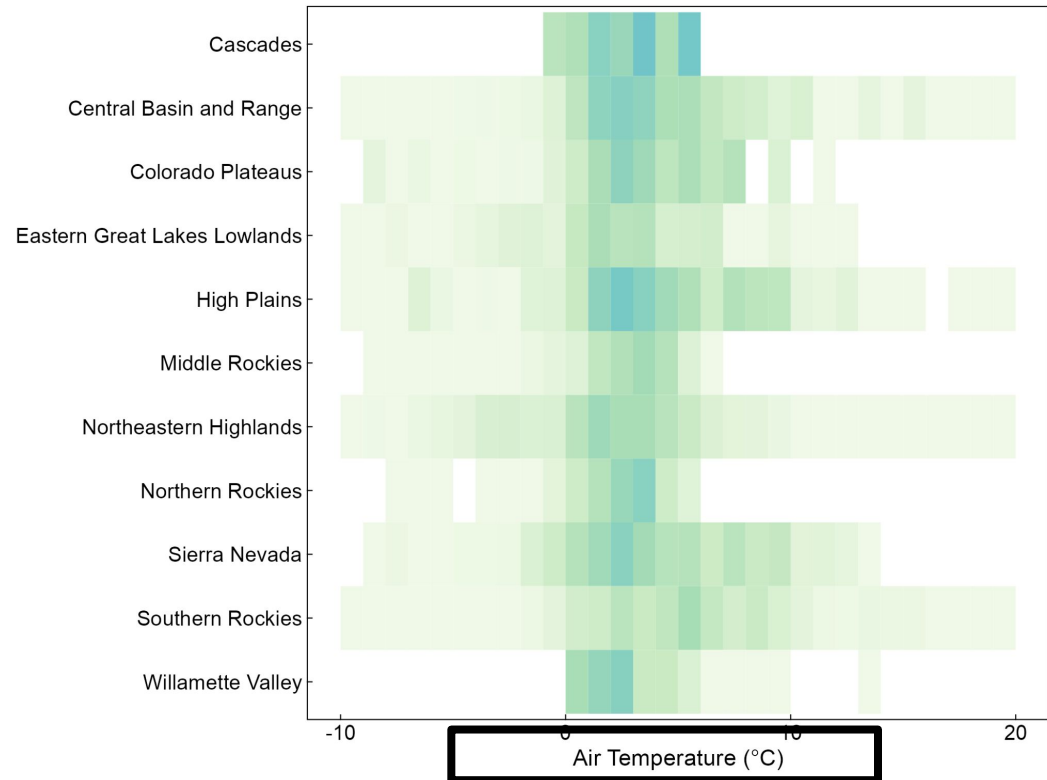


Figure: Nayoung Hur and Keith Jennings

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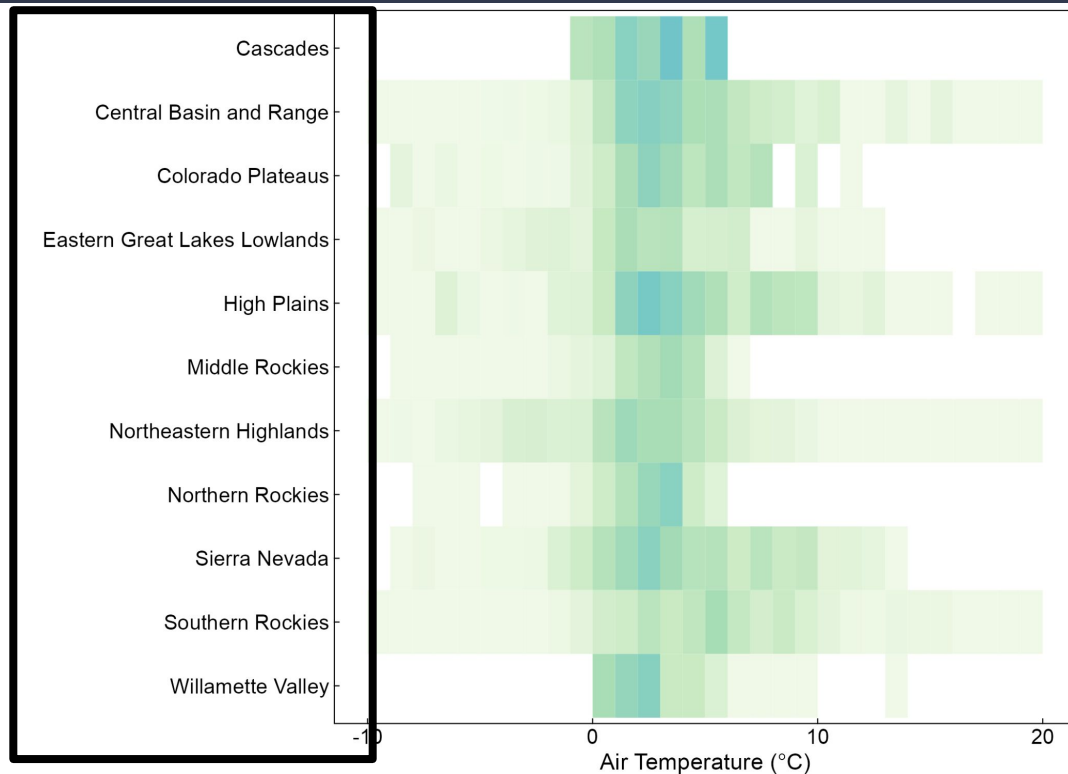


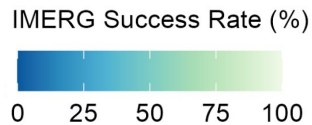
Figure: Nayoung Hur and Keith Jennings

IMERG's success rates varied by region

2021-2023 data

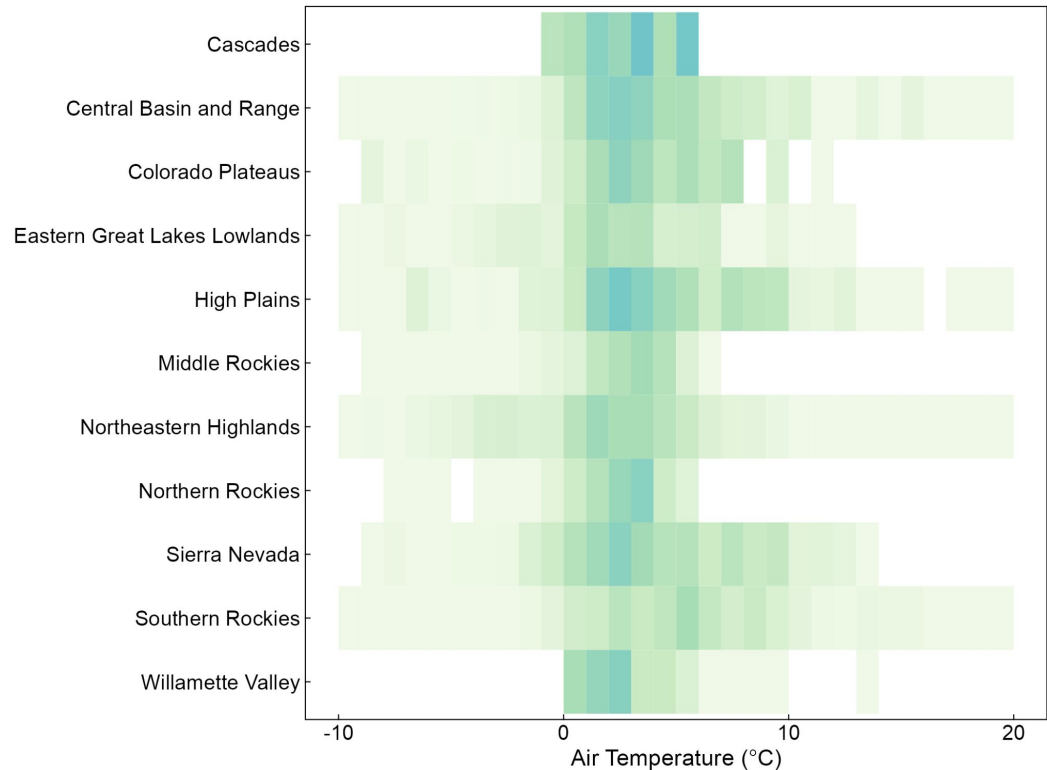


Success = **agreement** between satellite observations and your observations



Darker blues = Low agreement

Lighter green = High agreement



Integrated Multi-satellite Retrievals for GPM Level 3 v6 probabilityLiquidPrecipitation

Figure: Nayoung Hur and Keith Jennings

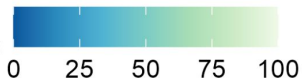
IMERG's success rates varied by region

2021-2023 data



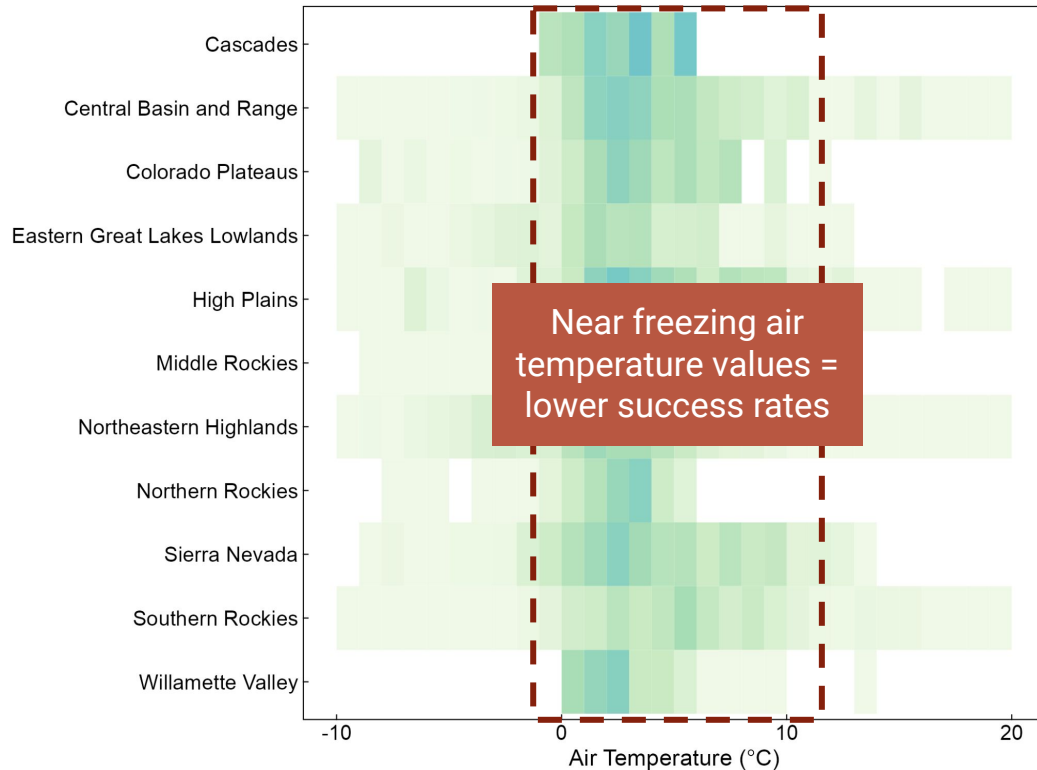
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IMERG Success Rate (%)



Darker blues = Low agreement

Lighter green = High agreement



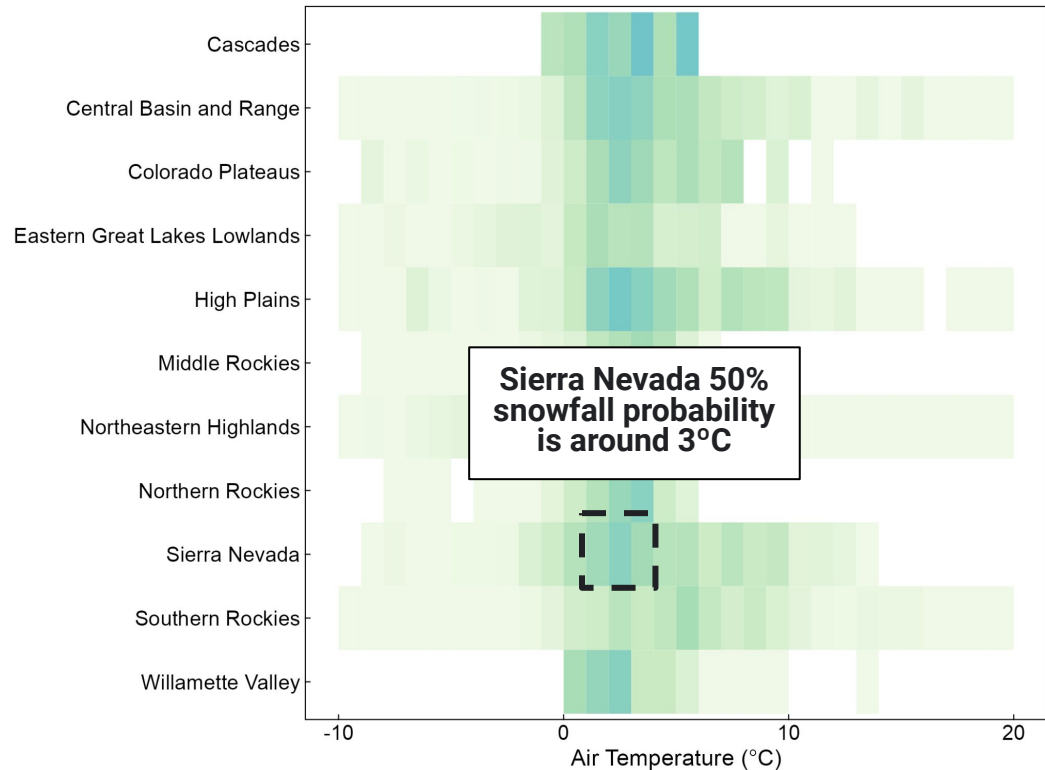
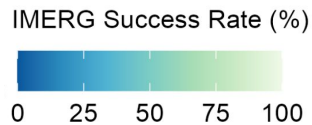
Near freezing air temperature values = lower success rates

Integrated Multi-satellite Retrievals for GPM Level 3 v6 probabilityLiquidPrecipitation

Figure: Nayoung Hur and Keith Jennings

IMERG's success rates varied by region

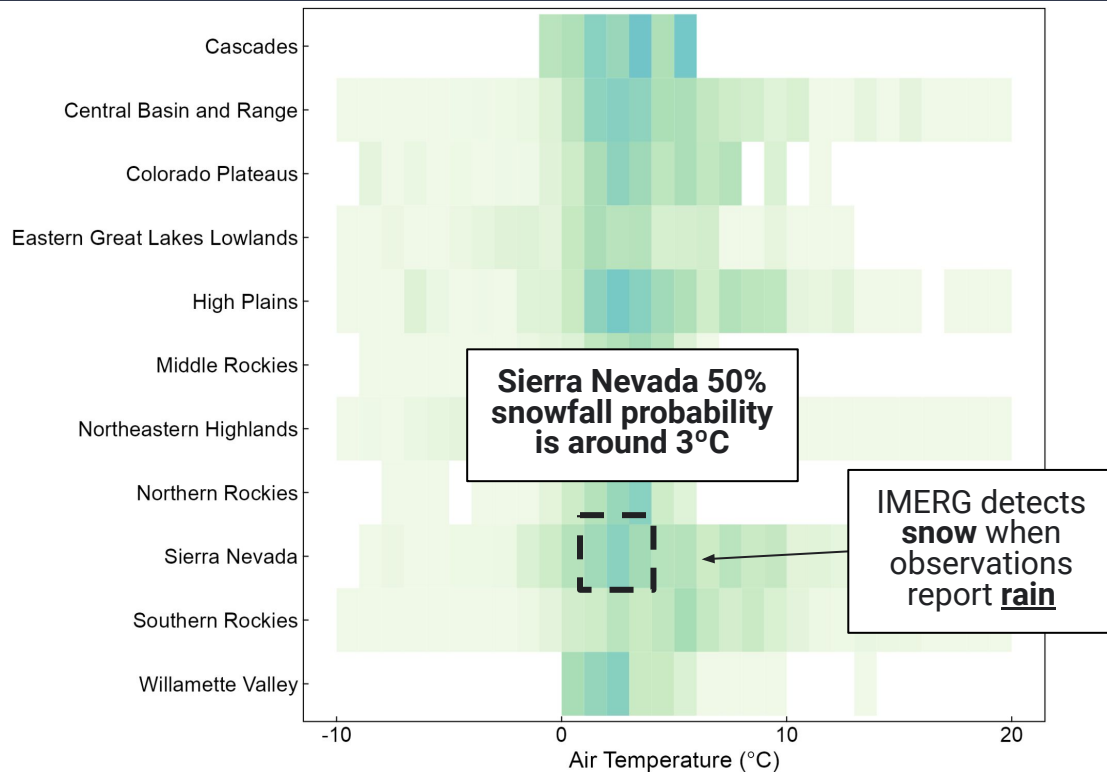
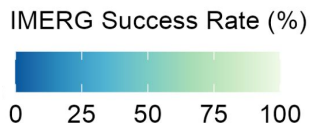
2021-2023 data



*Integrated Multi-satellite Retrievals for GPM Level 3 v6
probabilityLiquidPrecipitation*

IMERG's success rates varied by region

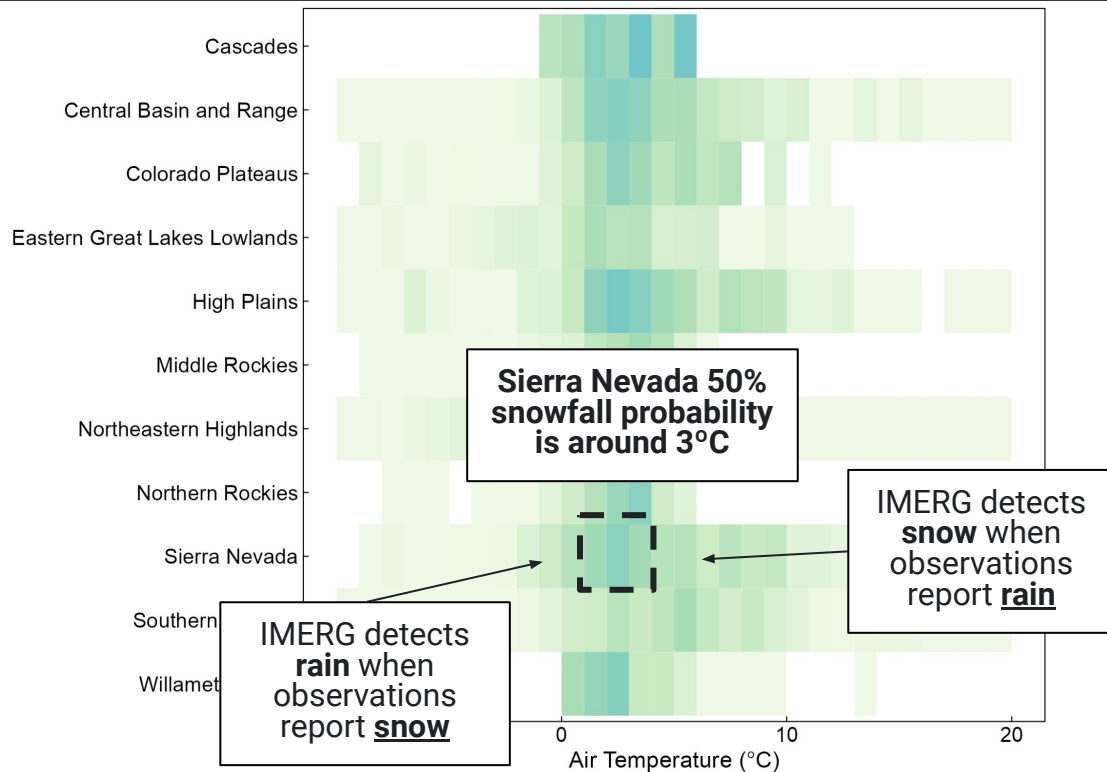
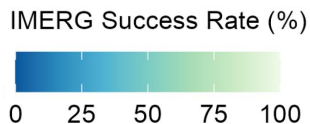
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probabilityLiquidPrecipitation*

IMERG's success rates varied by region

2021-2023 data



Integrated Multi-satellite Retrievals for GPM Level 3 v6
probabilityLiquidPrecipitation

Next steps and future work



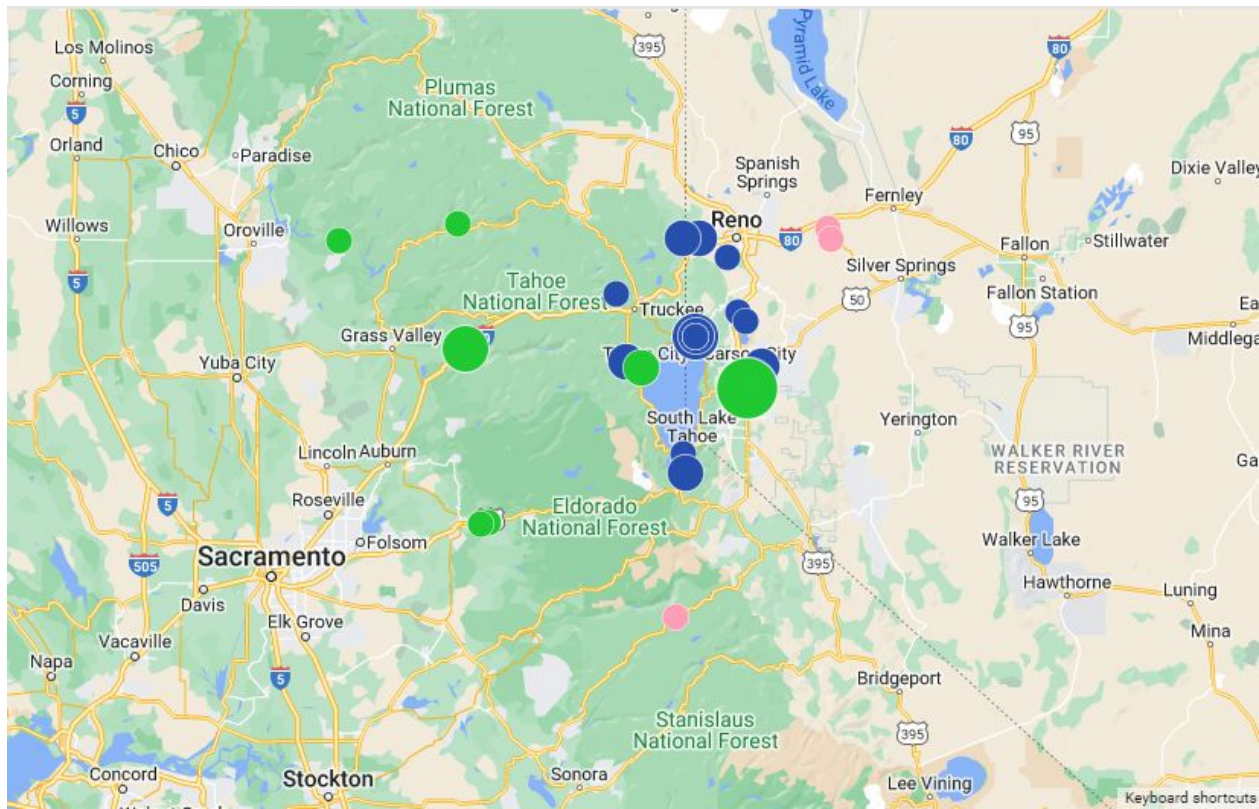
- IMERG & atmospheric rivers
- Compare other NASA tools
- Continued data collection
 - Geographic and climatic diversity



Real-time map for forecasters and emergency management groups



Request access:
[RainOrSnow.org/
request-map](https://rainorsnow.org/request-map)



We alert observers before important storms



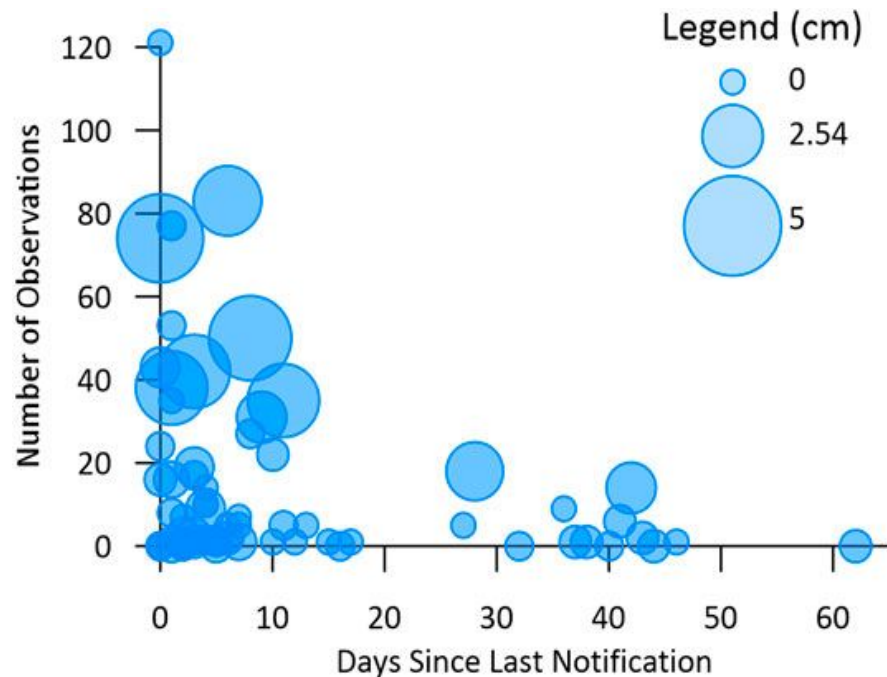
“Showers are predicted on the western slope, snow over the Sierra crest, and...”



We alert observers before important storms



“Showers are predicted on the western slope, snow over the Sierra crest, and...”



Get started!



Scan the QR code
or text **Winter**
to
855-909-0798

Different region? RainOrSnow.org/signup

How to reach us:



Text: 855-909-0798

Web: RainOrSnow.org

Email: RainOrSnow@dri.edu



Photo: Betty Copeland

Further reading about variability of precipitation phase partitioning tools



Jennings, K. S., Arienzo, M. M., Collins, M., Hatchett, B. J., Nolin, A. W., & Aggett, G. (2023). Crowdsourced data highlight precipitation phase partitioning variability in the rain-snow transition zone. *Earth and Space Science*, 10(3).
<https://doi.org/10.1029/2022EA002714>



Further reading about engagement strategy



Collins, M., Arienzo, M. M., Nieminen, S., Hatchett, B. J., Nolin, A., & Jennings, K. S. (2023). Effective engagement while scaling up: Lessons from a citizen science program transitioning from single- to multi-region scale. *Citizen Science: Theory and Practice*, 8(1). <https://doi.org/10.5334/cstp.622>



Further reading about participation analysis and project origin



Arienzo M. M., Collins, M., & Jennings, K. S. (2021). Enhancing engagement of citizen scientists to monitor precipitation phase. *Front. Earth Sci.*, 9. <https://doi.org/10.3389/feart.2021.617594>



Quality control flags



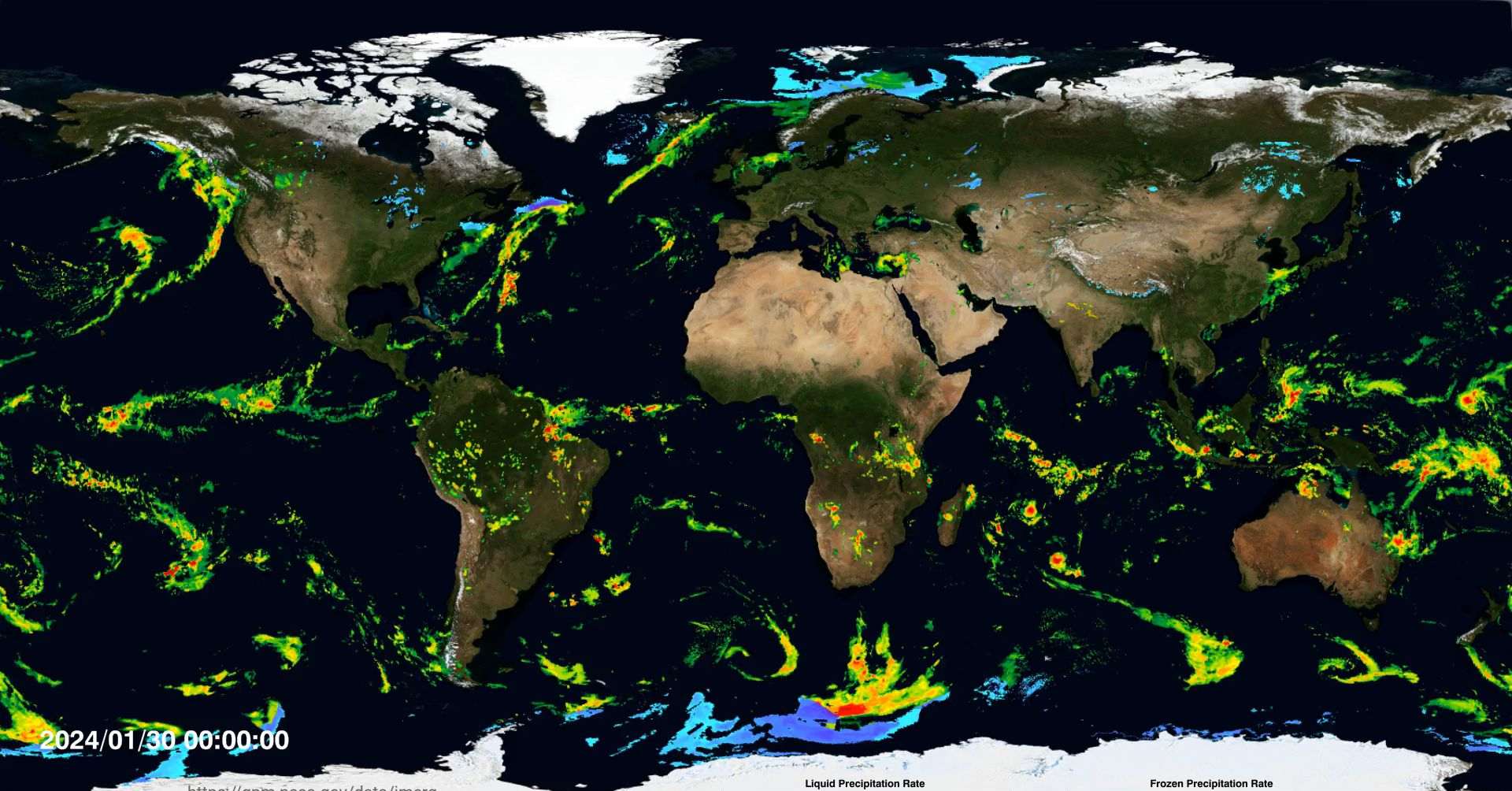
- No precipitation recorded by nearby weather stations on the day of observation
- $T_{\text{air}} \leq -5^{\circ}\text{C}$ for rain; $T_{\text{air}} \geq 10^{\circ}\text{C}$ for snow
- Estimated Relative Humidity < 30%
- Average distance from meteorological stations > 100 km
- Duplicate timestamp

Jennings et al. (2023)

Section 2.2.3

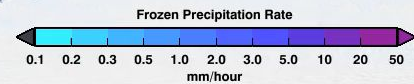
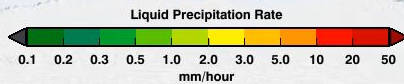
doi.org/10.1029/2022EA002714





2024/01/30 00:00:00

<https://gpm.nasa.gov/data/IMERG>



L



Partitioning tools' input and output differ

- Near-surface meteorology models
- NASA Global Precipitation Monitoring Products
 - Probability algorithm
 - Satellite data
- Ground-based radar

Near-Surface Meteorology

Binary Logistic Regression

Equation (Two Variables)

Temperature Range

Air Temperature Range

Temperature Threshold

Air Temperature

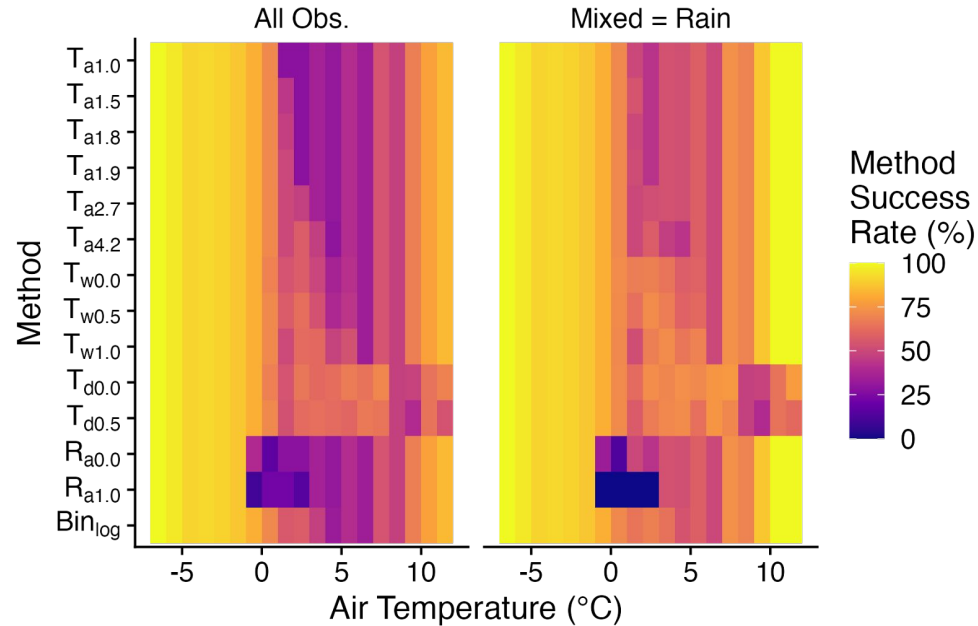
Wet Bulb Temperature

Dew Point Temperature

Models' performances varied widely



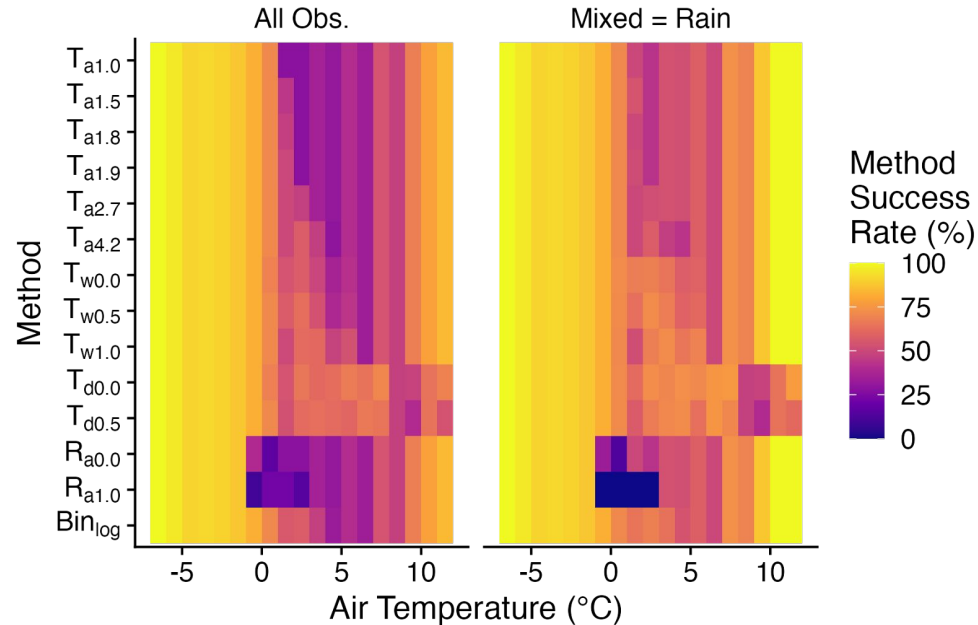
- Overpredicted rain



Models' performances varied widely



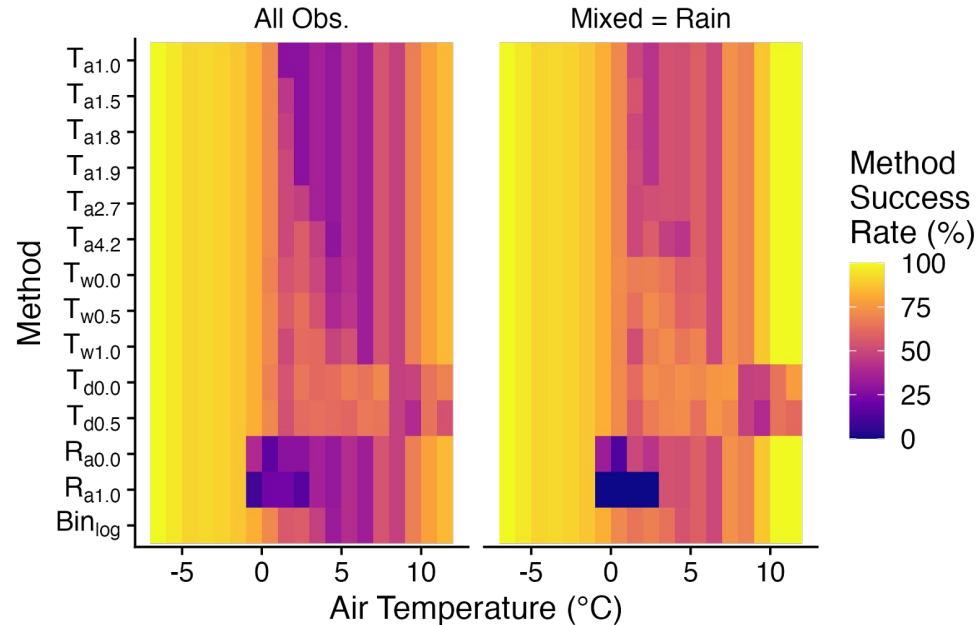
- Overpredicted rain
- Near-surface models had high variability
 - Humidity → Higher Success

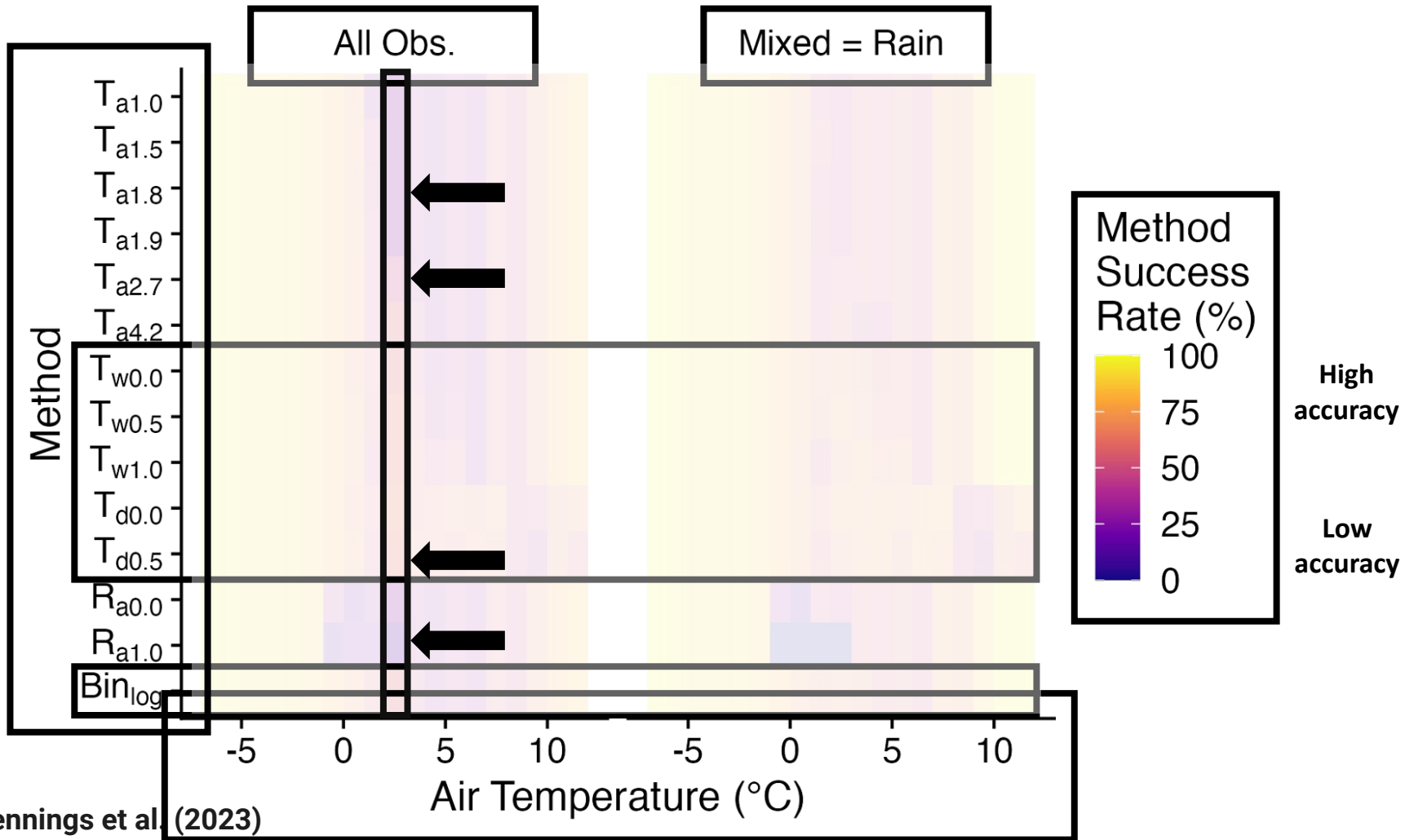


Models' performances varied widely



- Overpredicted rain
- Near-surface models had high variability
 - Humidity → Higher Success
- 2020-2021 data – Sierra Nevada





Our 2023-2024 Team



Keith Jennings
Lynker
Data analysis



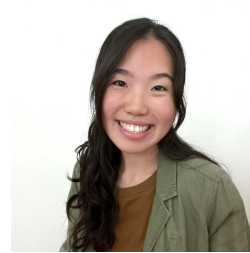
Meghan Collins
DRI
Engagement strategy



Monica Arienzo
DRI
Engagement analysis



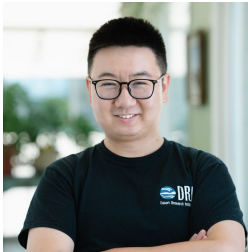
Anne Nolin
UNR
Hydroclimatology



Nayoung Hur
Lynker
Data & Engagement



Katherine Moore Powell
Lynker
Engagement



Guo Yu
DRI
Flood hydrology



Anne Heggli
DRI
Stakeholder & observer engagement



Sonia Nieminen
DRI
Engagement



Jessica Garrett
Lynker
Geospatial Developer

Not Pictured:

Dillon Ragar
Lynker

Brian Jenkins
UNR

Angus Watters
Lynker